Ministry of Higher Education and Scientific Research Scientific Supervision and Scientific Evaluation Apparatus Directorate of Quality Assurance and Academic Accreditation Accreditation Department



Academic Program and Course Description Guide



1- Course name	Nuclear F	Physics	
2- Course code		Ph401	
3- Semester/Year		yearly	1
4- Date this description was prepared			2024-2025
5- Available attendance forms	in person	accordin	rered to students g to the schedule epartment
٦- Number of study hours (total)/number of units (total)		actical ho	neoretical hours ours per week
7- Name of the course administrator (if more than one name is mentioned			
		Cour	se objectives .1
1- The student knows the nature of the nucleus and nuclea	r force	Object	ives of the study
and studies its properties			subject
2- The student should know the behavior and nature of the nucleus.			
3- The student gets to know the types of nuclear radiation			
4- Study of nuclear reactions and the types and forms of th reactions.	ese		
5- The student understands the different uses of nuclear ra	ys.		
7- The student understands the different uses of nuclear rays			
	Teaching	and learn	ing strategies .\
1. In-person lectures in classrooms.			
2. Discussion method, surprise exams, and methods of refining skill	ls.		The strategy
3 Asking intellectual questions or holding a competition between st	udents, stin	nulating	

creative thinking and answering clearly and quickly to the problems presented.

Course structure . \ .

Evaluation method	Learning method	Name of the unit or topic	Required learning outcomes	hours	the week
Quarterly and daily attendance exams	In- person lectures	1- Static properties For the nucleus, such as: mass, charge, and size of the nucleus And the kinetic properties of the nucleus 2-Definitions (isotopes, isobars, isomers, isotones) Symmetry property	Know some concepts Basic to the nucleus	9 Hours	۳,۲,۱
Quarterly and daily attendance exams	In- person lectures	1- Binding energy 2-Average binding energy 3-Calculating separation energies 4 Line of stability and abundance Natural	To learn about installation nucleus	9 Hours	6,0,5
Quarterly and daily attendance exams	In- person lectures	1-Liquid drop model 2-Nuclear shell model 3-other nuclear models	Distinguish between models Nuclear	9 Hours	۹ ٫۸ ٫۷
Quarterly and daily attendance exams	In- person lectures	1 - Types of nuclear reactions 2-Cross-sectional area and its types 3-Fission and fusion reactions	Recognizing the meaning of radioactivity and nuclear decay patterns	۱۲ Hours	,11,1. 18,17
Quarterly and daily attendance exams	In- person lectures	Nuclear reactors Fissile 1-The working principle of the reactor -2-parts of the	Learn about energy production Nuclear reactors	3 Hours	۲.

		reactor				
Quarterly and daily attendance exams	In- person lectures	Particles accelerators Charged		How to speed up the particles Charged	3 Hours	41
Quarterly and daily attendance exams	In- person lectures	Types of radioses 1- Risk factor 2- Recommendat regarding l and periods exposure workers In field of radiati	ions imits of to the	Identify the types of potions radiation resulting from exposure to radiation	Hours 7	78+ 77
Quarterly and daily attendance exams	In- person lectures	Introduction to particle physic Primary		Particle identification Primary	6 Hours	Y0+Y£
			Lea	rning and teach	ing resourd	ces .1 .7
				M	ain reference	es (sources)
. مناف عبد حسن المثالي في الفيزياء غيداء محمد زعرين	نووية أ. م. د	الفيزياء ال	Reco	.refere	ences (scient	,
				Electronic i	references, I	nternet sites



1- Course name		EI	ectroma	gnetic wave
2- Course code			PH403	3
3- Semester/Year			yearly	,
4- Date this description was prepared	2024-2025			5
5- Available attendance forms	person	ac	cording	red to students in to the schedule ne department
7- Number of study hours (total)/number of units (total)			٩٠ hc	
7- Name of the course administrator (if more than one name is mentioned				
			Cour	se objectives .1
giving students a basic overview of the electrostatic field in cand insulating media and explaining the importance of the elemagnetic field and how to benefit from them and avoid the resulting from them and their role in understanding the primodern physics and its daily uses and how to employ this in facing daily life developments in the field of education. 2. Makes students of colleges of education for pure science value and importance of physics and the role of electroradiation in science and technology, especially in the field communications and mobile phones and how to deal with students after graduation and practice their specialties as temiddle and preparatory schools and some research labor	ectric and e dangers nciples of knowledge n, family, society es feel the omagnetic of towers, th school eachers in eatories in			subject
government departments related to industry and in the field of		<u> </u>	and learn	ning etrotogies
1. In-person lectures in classrooms.	reachin	y a	inu iean	ning strategies .1
In-person lectures in classrooms. Discussion method, surprise exams, and methods of refining skills.			The strategy	

3 Asking intellectual questions or holding a competition between students,

stimulating creative thinking and answering clearly and quickly to the problems

Course structure .\

Evaluation method	Learning method	Name of the unit or topic	Required learning outcomes	hours	the week
Quarterly and daily attendance exams	In-person lectures	The student should know vector analysis and types of coordinates Vector analysis	The student is able to understand the Vector analysis	١٢	£
Quarterly and daily attendance exams	In-person lectures	Steady electricity (electrostatics)	The student is able to understand the static electricity	10	٥
Quarterly and daily attendance exams	In-person lectures	Solving electrostatic problems.	The student is able to Solving electrostatic problems	١٢	٤
		Exam1			
Quarterly and daily attendance exams	In-person lectures	Electrostatic field in insulating media	The student is able to understand the Electrostatic field	1°	5
Quarterly and daily attendance exams	In-person lectures	Electrostatic energy	The student is able to understand the Electrostatic energy	١٢	ŧ
	T	Exam2			1
Quarterly and daily attendance exams	In-person lectures	Electric current and magnetism	The student is able to understand the Electric current and magnetism	10	٥
Quarterly and daily attendance exams	In-person lectures	Electromagnetic wave equation and its solution in different media	The student is able to understand the Electromagnetic wave equation	٦	*
Quarterly and daily attendance exams	In-person lectures	Antennas and their types	The student is able to understand the Antennas and their types	٦	۲

Course evaluation

^{*} Semi-daily and monthly tests ,And surprise exams, Daily class participation

Learning and	teaching resources
--------------	--------------------

المجالات الكهرومغناطيسية الجزء الأول والثاني

Main references (sources)

اساسيات النظرية الكهرومغناطيسية الجزء الأول والثاني

اساسيات الكهربائية والمغناطيسية	
سلسلة ملخصات شوم: الكهرومغناطيسيات ٢٠٠٠(تأليف جوزيف ادمنس)	



		Mathematic			Cou	irse name .\
		Ph307			:Co	ourse code .۲
		Year			:Seme	ester/year .٣
		2024-2025	The o	late this	-	otion was .: prepared:
		tudents in person announced in the department	:Av	ailable a	ittenda	nce forms .°
						idy hours .7
			`			nits (total
				,	han on	nistrator . ^V e name is nentioned
				(objectives .^
Qualifying, training and integrals.	teaching the st	udent on ordinary diffe	rentials and			of the study subject
Qualifying and teaching in the study topics of ac		benefit from differentic	als and integrals			
Qualifying, training and differentials and integra		udent on mathematical	applications of			
m 1 · 11						
Teaching and le	arning stra	ategies .\ .\			ı	
1. Attending lectures in5. The method of discus3. Proposing intellectual eliciting creative though	ssion and surpris questions and c	conducting competition	between students	and		The strategy
Course structur	e					
Evaluation method	Learning method	Name of the unit or topic	Required le	_	hours	Week
(theoretical) tests and questions	lectures	Functions 1.Functions analysis and	Gain knowled Functions a	-	10	0_1
	•	•			•	•

		2. graphic			
(theoretical) tests and questions	lectures	Limit and continuity	Gain knowledge in the Limit and continuity	١٢	9_7
(theoretical) tests and questions	lectures	Differentiation Application	Gain knowledge in the Differentiation	10	15-1.
(theoretical) tests and questions	lectures	Trigonometric Functions Properties Derivative	Gain knowledge in the Trigonometric Functions	17	14-10
(theoretical) tests and questions	lectures	Integration	Gain knowledge in the Integration	10	YT_19
(theoretical) tests and questions	lectures	Integration Application	Gain knowledge in the Integration Application	١٢	YV_Y £

3 week Exam

Course evaluation

Semi-daily and monthly tests

And surprise exams

Daily class participation

Learning and teaching resources

- فيزياء الحالة الصلبة د. مؤيد جبرائيل . 1
- فيزياء الجوامد د. محمد أحمد الجاللي . 2
- 3. Introduction to Solid State Physics Charles Kittel
- 4. Fundamentals of Solid State Engineering Manijeh Razeghi
- 5. Materials Science and Engineering an Introduction William D. Calliste



Solid state			Course name .
Ph405			:Course code .۲
Yearly			:Semester/year .٣
2024-2025	The	late this	description was .: :prepared
Lectures are delivered to students in person according to the schedule announced in the department	:Av	ailable a	attendance forms .°
		Numbe	r of study hours . ٦
	((tot	al)/numb	er of units (total
	Name of t	the cours	se administrator . Y
	(if more t	han one name is
			(mentioned
		(Course objectives .^
1. The student should know the science of	solids, their		ectives of the study
types, what is the Bravise lattice and its ty	·		
2. The student should know the science o	f X-rays and		subject
what are the particles that are accompani	ed by waves		
that can be used			
to study crystals			
3. The student should know Bragg's law a	nd what are		
the conditions for applying Bragg's law	المسم ممثللما ا		
4. The student should know the inverted how to apply it	i lattice and		
5. The student should know the lattice vi	hrations and		
their types	oracions and		
6. The student should know the theories	s of thermal		
conductivity and specific heat			
Teaching and learning strategies . \ . \			
Attending lectures in the study halls.			
Y. The method of discussion and surprise tests and methods of	sharpening skills	L	M11 · ·
3.Proposing intellectual questions and conducting competition eliciting creative thought and clear and quick answers to the pro-	between students	and	The strategy

Learning method	Name of the unit or topic	Required learning outcomes	hours	Week
lectures	Introduction Crystalline structure non-crystalline structure Unit cell Bravise lattice & non -Bravis lattice. kind of lattice structure: a- simple cubic, b-Body center cubic c- Face centre cubic	Gain knowledge in the Crystalline structure	3	1
lectures	Hexagonal system symmetry Miller Indices Incident Rays & Braggs Law X-Ray - Neutrons- Electron	Gain knowledge in the hexagonal system symmetry	6	2
lectures	Diffraction Method:	Gain knowledge in the Diffraction Method: a- Laue Method. b- b- Powder Method C- Rotating method	6	2
lectures	lattice Vibration Vibrational modes of linear monoatomic lattice Diatomic linear lattice Thermal Conductivity theories Specific heat theories	Gain knowledge in the lattice Vibration Vibrational modes of linear	3	1
	lectures	Introduction Crystalline structure non-crystalline structure Unit cell Bravise lattice & non -Bravis lattice. kind of lattice structure: a- simple cubic, b-Body center cubic c- Face centre cubic lectures Hexagonal system symmetry Miller Indices Incident Rays & Braggs Law X-Ray - Neutrons- Electron lectures Diffraction Method: a- Laue Method. b- Powder Method C- Rotating method Reciprocal Lattice Lattice Structure Factor lectures lectures lectures lattice Vibration Vibrational modes of linear monoatomic lattice Diatomic linear lattice Thermal Conductivity theories Specific heat theories	Introduction Crystalline structure non-crystalline structure Unit cell Bravise lattice & non -Bravis lattice. kind of lattice structure: a- simple cubic, b-Body center cubic c- Face centre cubic c- Face centre cubic lectures Iectures Iectures	Introduction Crystalline structure non-crystalline structure Unit cell Bravise lattice & non - Bravis lattice. kind of lattice structure: a- simple cubic, b-Body center cubic c- Face centre cubic c- Face centre cubic lectures Iectures Iectures

Course evaluation

Semi-daily and monthly tests And surprise exams Daily class participation

Learning and teaching resources

- فيزياء الحالة الصلبة د. مؤيد جبرائيل . 1
- فيزياء الجوامد د. محمد أحمد الجاللي .2
- 3. Introduction to Solid State Physics Charles Kittel
- 4. Fundamentals of Solid State Engineering Manijeh Razeghi
- 5. Materials Science and Engineering an Introduction William D. Calliste



laser Course nate Ph402 :Course construction Yearly :Semester/yearly	de .۲
Yearly :Semester/ye	ear .
The date this description was preparation.	_
Lectures are delivered to students in person according to the schedule announced in the department :Available attendance for	ms .°
90 hours Number of study hou ((total)/number of units (to	
Name of the course administrat (if more than one name (mention	or . ^v
Course objective	
It makes students of pure science colleges of education feel the value and importance of physics and the role of lasers in science and technology and how they deal with school students after graduation and practice their specializations as teachers in primary, middle and preparatory schools and some research laboratories in government departments related to industry and in the field of research and development.	study ibject
Teaching and learning strategies . \ . \	
Attending lectures in the study halls. The math of of discussion and commiss tooks and math of a farmening skills.	trategy
Course structure	
Evaluation method Learning Name of the unit Required learning hours Wee	ek
(theoretical) tests and questions Introduction The Nonlinear Wave Equation Introduction The Nonlinear Wave Equation The Nonlinear Wave Equation	

		Second harmonic			
		generation			
		Phase Matching			
		Exercises and			
		solutions			
(theoretical) tests and	lectures	laser types	Gain knowledge in the		
questions	icciores	A solid-state laser	laser types		
questions		Laser liquid state	laser types		
		Laser gaseous state			
		The semiconductor		۲ ٤	٨
		laser		, -	/
		Chemical Laser			
		Exercises and			
/// 1)		solution			
(theoretical) tests and	lectures	Laser Applications	Gain knowledge in the		
questions		Introduction	Laser Applications		
		Industrial			
		Applications			
		measurements and			
		detection			
		medical and			
		biological		۲ ٤	٨
		applications			
		military applications			
		Marketing			
		Applications			
		Optical			
		Communications			
		Holography .8			
(theoretical) tests and	lectures	Laser Safety in	Gain knowledge in the		
questions		Research	Laser Safety in		
		Laboratories	Research		
		Introduction	Laboratories		
		Radiation Hazards		Y £	٨
		Electrical Power			
		Hazards			
		Explosion Hazards			
		Poisoning Hazards .			
		Exan	1		
EAGIII					

Course evaluation

Semi-daily and monthly tests And surprise exams

Daily class participation

Learning and teaching resources

1. Principles of Lasers Orazio Svelto کتاب اللیزرات ـ تألیف بیلا آ. لینکیل



Quantum Mechanic			Course name .
Ph404			:Course code .۲
Year			:Semester/year .٣
2024-2025	The d	late this	description was .: :prepared
Lectures are delivered to students in person according to the schedule announced in the department	:Av	ailable a	ttendance forms .•
90	((tota		r of study hours .7 er of units (total
Name: Dr. Younis Mohamed Atiah	Name of the course administrator (if more than one name is (mentioned		
			Course objectives .A
 Students learn about the subject of Quantum Mechanic and its importance in physics. Employ the knowledge acquired by the student in explaining the natural phenomena associated with Quantum Mechanic. Provide students with the necessary thinking skills to use in the field of teaching the subject of Quantum Mechanic when practicing their specializations as teachers in primary, middle, and preparatory schools, which are part of the science or physics curriculum. Provide students with scientific research skills to use them in research and applied fields in government departments concerned with the research aspect 		Обј	ectives of the study subject
Teaching and learning strategies . \ . \			
Attending lectures in the study halls. The method of discussion and surprise tests and methods of 3.Proposing intellectual questions and conducting competition	The strategy		

Course structur	כ				
Evaluation method	Learning method	Name of the unit or topic	Required learning outcomes	hours	Week
(theoretical) tests and	lectures	Introduction to mechanic quantum	Gain knowledge in the field of quantum mechanic	3	1
questions					
(theoretical) tests and		Dimension and Basis of a	Gain knowledge in the field of Space Vector		
questions	lectures	Space Vector	neid of opace vector	6	2
/the control National		Square-Integrable Functions: Wave	Gain knowledge in the field of Wave		
(theoretical) tests and questions	lectures	Functions: vvave Functions	Functions	6	2
		,Hermitian Adjoint	Gain knowledge in the		
(theoretical) tests and questions	lectures	Projection Operators	field of Hermitian Adjoint, Projection Operators	3	1
		Exai	<u> </u> m		
(theoretical) tests and		Algebra	Gain knowledge in the		
questions	lectures	Commutator	field of Algebra Commutator	6	2
		Uncertainty Relation	Gain knowledge in the		
(theoretical) tests and	lectures	between Two	field of Uncertainty	3	1
questions		Operators	Relation between Two Operators		-
		Functions of	Gain knowledge in the		
(theoretical) tests and		Operators,	field of Functions of		•
questions	lectures	Inverse and Unitary	Operators,	9	3
•		Operators	Inverse and Unitary Operators		
		Exai	T		
		Matrix Representation of	Gain knowledge in the field of Matrix	٩	
		Kets, Bras, and	Representation of Kets,		
Quarterly and daily	سنده ما	Operators	Bras, and Operators		n
attendance exams	lectures	Operations	bras, and Operators		3
Quarterly and daily		Matrix	Gain knowledge in the	9	
attendance exams	lectures	Representation of	field of Matrix		3
		the Eigenvalue Problem	Representation of the Eigenvalue Problem		
		Exai	m		
Quarterly and daily		Position and	Gain knowledge in the	9	
attendance exams	lectures	Momentum	field of Position and		3
		Representation	Momentum		9
			Representation		

Quarterly and daily attendance exams	lectures	Mechanics Matrix	Gain knowledge in the field of Mechanics Matrix	9	3
Quarterly and daily attendance exams	lectures	Wave Mechanics	Gain knowledge in the field of Wave Mechanics	9	3
Quarterly and daily attendance exams	lectures	Hydrogen atom	Gain knowledge in the field of Hydrogen atom	9	3

Exam

Course evaluation

Semi-daily and monthly tests

And surprise exams

Daily class participation

Learning and teaching resources 🔸



P. A. M. Dirac, "Principles of quantum mechanics", Oxford University Press (1947)- 4 . ج. غريفيثس، مقدمة في ميكانيكا الكم، ط * ، كامبريدج برس



1- Course name			Electrical and magnetic 1			
2- Course code Ph						
3- Semester/Year						
4- Date this description was prepared				2024-2025		
5- Available attendance forms		.ccc	ording t	ed to students in to the schedule partment		
7- Number of study hours (total)/number of units (total)	۹۰ hour	S				
7- Name of the course administrator (if more than one name is mentioned						
			Cours	e objectives .1		
1- The student learns the basics of astronomy.			Objectiv	ves of the study		
2- The student learns the basics of celestial mechanic	ics.			subject		
3- The student gets to know the physical and kinetic						
properties of the solar system.						
4- The student should know the physical and motion						
characteristics of stars and their types						
5- The student learns about the types of galaxies, th	eir					
physical properties, and the birth of the universe and	its					
physical properties.						
	Teaching and learning strategies .1					
1. In-person lectures in classrooms.				The strategy		

- 2. Discussion method, surprise exams, and methods of refining skills.
- 3 Asking intellectual questions or holding a competition between students, stimulating creative thinking and answering clearly and quickly to the problems presented.

Course structure .\ .\

Course structure .1 .1					
Evaluation method	Learning method	Name of the unit or topic	Required learning outcomes	hours	the week
Quarterly and daily attendance exams	In-person lectures	Kepler's laws, dome Celestial bodies, astronomical terms, celestial dome coordinate systems	The student is able to understand the given material	10hours	weeks 5
Quarterly and daily attendance exams	In-person lectures	Astronomical seasons, units of measurement, physical properties of the sun and its layers, surface phenomena of the sun and moon, physical properties of the planets	The student is able to understand the given material	10hours	5weeks
Quarterly and daily attendance exams	In-person lectures	Meteors, meteorites, and comets, the origin of the solar system, the steller Magnitude- the luminosity of the stars, the (H-R) diagram. For the stars and matters	The student is able to understand the given material	10hours	5weeks
Quarterly and daily attendance exams	In-person lectures	Steller Evolution, binary stars - measuring the mass of two stars, types of binary stars - variable stars, our Milky Way galaxy	The student is able to understand the given material	10hours	5weeks
Quarterly and daily attendance exams	In-person lectures	Galaxy movement, galaxy mass calculation, types of galaxies, active galaxies.	The student is able to understand the given material	10hours	5weeks

Quarterly and daily attendance exams	In-person lectures	Quasars expansion of the universe, theo of the emergen of the universe life in the universe	ry is al ce unders e, the s	ole to	0hours	5weeks
				Col	ourse ev	aluation .۲
* Semi-daily and monthly tests And surprise exams. Daily class participation						
		I	earning and	teaching	resour	ces .1 .7
م الفلك) – حميد	ساء : الجزء الاول (عل	فيزياء الجو و الفض		Main	reference	es (sources)
	ساء : الجزء الاول (علم باض النجم	مجول النعيمي وفي				
Y- Fundame H.Karttunen,et	ental Astronon tal ; Springer- 20					
3- Astronomy - Principles and Practice 4 th ed, A. Roy,D Clarke; Springer.						
		R	ecommended	supporti	_	ooks and ific journals)
Electronic references, Internet						



Heat			Co	urse name .\	
Ph103			:C	ourse code .۲	
Year			:Sen	nester/year .٣	
2024-2025	Th	ne date this	s descri	ption was .٤ :prepared	
Lectures are delivered to students in person according to the schedule announced in the department	:Available attendance form				
hours (3 theoretical hours and 2 practical hours per week) (5 hours * 30 weeks) and the number of units = 7 units	Number of s ((total)/number of			udy hours .٦ units (total	
Name: Dr. Younis Mohamed Atiah	Name: Dr. Younis Mohamed Atiah administrator (if more than (name is mention)				
			Course	objectives .A	
The aim of my course is to familiarize students with HEAT and THERMAL TRANSFERE methods and develop mathematical skills required to solve problems in HEAT, kinetic dynamics and other fields of theoretical physics		Ob	jective	s of the study subject	
Understanding and assimilation of theoretical mathematical derivations important for interpretation of various HEAT and THERMAL TRANSFERE					
Tea	achin	g and lear	ning st	rategies	
1. Attending lectures in the study halls.					
 The method of discussion and surprise tests and methods of sharpening skills. 3.Proposing intellectual questions and conducting competition between students and eliciting creative thought and clear and quick answers to the problems presented 				The strategy	
				e structure 🖶	
Evaluation Learning Name of the unit or	R	lequired	hours	Week	

method	method	topic	learning		
			outcomes		
(theoretical) tests and questions	lectures	Types of Thermometers Thermal Expansion Methods of Heat Transfer	Gain knowledge in the field of Types of Thermometers	٩	۳+۲+۱
Quarterly and daily attendance exams	lectures	Thermal Energy Sources Specific Heat First Law of Thermodynamics	Gain knowledge in the field of Specific Heat First Law of Thermodynamics	٩	7+0+1
Quarterly and daily attendance exams	In-person lectures	Real gas and ideal gas Kinetic theory of gases suspended between Cv and Cp	Gain knowledge in the field of Real gas and ideal gas	9	9+4+7
		Density and Specific Weight Bernoulli's Equation Surface Tension Viscosity	Gain knowledge in the field of Bernoulli's Equation Surface Tension Viscosity	12	17+17+11+1.
Quarterly and daily attendance exams	In-person lectures	-Types of stress and strain -Young's modulus The relationship - between mechanical properties and temperature	Gain knowledge in the field of Young's modulus	3	14
		First exam			
Quarterly and daily attendance exams	In-person lectures	Study of the properties Magnetic of materials Classification of materials Electrical conductivity Conductors and insulators Semiconductors Electrical conductivity Electrical resistivity Specific resistance Hall effect Piezoelectricity Ferroelectricity	Gain knowledge in the field of Classification of materials	12	19+14+17+17

Quarterly and		Relationship between conductivity Electrical and thermal Superconducting materials	Gain knowledge in			
daily attendance exams	In-person lectures	Plasma	the field of Plasma	6	۲۱+۲۰	
Quarterly and daily attendance exams	In-person lectures	Composite materials Classification of engineering materials Organic materials -Polymers Classification of polymers A- Classification According to the polymer structure -PolymersLinear polymer Branched -Polymers Crosslinked - Networks Hybrid composites Reinforcement materials Characteristics Hybrid composites Interface And adhesion strength	Gain knowledge in the field of Classification of polymers	15	77+77 77+70+7£+	
Second exam						
Quarterly and daily attendance exams	In-person lectures	B- Classification According to the thermal behavior: Thermosetting polymers Non-thermosetting polymers -Thermosetting polymers	Gain knowledge in the field of Classification According to the thermal behavior		W·+79+7A	

Rubber Flexible				
polymers				
Inorganic materials				
Composites				
Based material				
Mineral-based				
Composites				
Ceramic-based				
Composites				
Polymer-based				
	Course evaluation 🔸			
	Semi-daily and monthly tests 👃			
And surprise exams 🔸				
	Daily class participation 🔸			
	4			
	Learning and teaching resources 🔸			

- ♣ 1 Physics for Scientists and Engineers with modern) physics, SERWAY and JEWETT , 9
 Edition , 2014 .
- 4 2- University Physics by Francis W. Sears, Mark W. Zemanseky and Hugh D. Young, 1982.
 3- Introduction to Physics by Jojn D.Cutnell, Kenneth W.Johnson 8th Ed.,2010



Mechanic	Course name .)		
Ph101	:Course code		:Course code .۲
Year			:Semester/year .٣
2024-2025	The	date this	description was .: :prepared
ectures are delivered to students in person ccording to the schedule announced in the department	:Av	vailable a	ttendance forms .°
hours (3 theoretical hours and 2) or practical hours per week) (5 hours * 30 weeks) and the number of units = 7 units	Number of study hours . ((total)/number of units (total		
Name: Dr. Younis Mohamed Atiah	Name of the course administrator .Name of the course administrator .\footnote{Name of the course adm		
		(Course objectives .^
The aim of my course is to familiarize students with mechanical methods and develop mathematical skills required to solve problems in mechanics, kinetic dynamics and other fields of theoretical physics Understanding and assimilation of theoretical mathematical derivations important for			ectives of the study subject
interpretation of various kinetic and mech phenomena related to industry and in the research and development			
	Teaching a	and learn	ing strategies
 Attending lectures in the study halls. The method of discussion and surprise tests and methods of sharpening skills. 			The strategy

3.Proposing intellectual questions and conducting competition between students and eliciting creative thought and clear and quick answers to the

problems presented

problems presented	broblems probetted				
Evaluation method	Learning method	Name of the unit or topic	Required learning outcomes	hours	structure +
(theoretical) tests and questions	lectures	introduction to vectors, analysis and importance	The student's definition of vector analysis and importance, the basics of vector concepts, an	٩	*+*+1
Quarterly and daily attendance exams	lectures	The basics of vector concepts	Definition of the student's units of vector and quantity, numerical multiplication and directional multiplication of vectors and their properties and uses	٩	7+0+1
Quarterly and daily attendance exams	In-person lectures	Movement in a single dimension	Acquiring knowledge in understanding the meaning of movement in a single dimension and how to adapt	1 4	9+ / ++Y
		the movement of objects in a straight line, the fall of the free, and the throwing of the objects upwards	Understanding the movement in the two dimensions		17+17+11+1.
Quarterly and daily attendance exams	In-person lectures	Motion of the objects in the field of uniform gravity (projectile)	Identifying the motion along the straight line of the equations of motion of the objects in the field of uniform gravity	1 7	۱ ٤

Quarterly and daily attendance exams	In-person lectures	Newton's laws of motion	The student Definition of Newton's laws of motion	15	10
Quarterly and daily attendance exams	In-person lectures	frictional forces	Dealing with the laws of motion due to the presence of friction	12	17
Quarterly and daily attendance exams	In-person lectures	derivation of laws of circular motion	Definition of regular and irregular circular motion	٦	١٧
Quarterly and daily attendance exams	In-person lectures	work, potential energy, kinetic energy	Understanding work, potential energy, kinetic energy, the law of conservation of energy, and conditions for conservation of power	٦	١٨
Quarterly and daily attendance exams	In-person lectures	linear momentum, repulsion and collisions	Understanding linear momentum and the theory of linear momentum repulsion,		۲۰+۱۹
Quarterly and daily attendance exams	In-person lectures	the rotational motion	Understanding the rotational kinetic energy and inertia of the rotational motion		77+71
Quarterly and daily attendance exams	In-person lectures	Potential energy and kinetic energy For bodies and power, for speed	Definition of the student how to create Potential energy and kinetic energy For bodies and power, for speed And the time and the time are completely separate and the conditions for maintaining strength Creation of the function of potential		70+7 £ +7™

			energy of a body, slope, distance and curvature of objects			
Quarterly and daily attendance exams	In-person lectures	derivations of movement in the harmonic oscillator	The definition of the harmonic oscillator in the second and third dimensions			
				Course	evaluation	+

Semi-daily and monthly tests 4

.And surprise exams

Daily class participation

Learning and teaching resources

- ≠ 1 Physics for Scientists and Engineers with modern) physics, SERWAY and JEWETT, 9 Edition, 2014.
- ≠ 2- University Physics by Francis W. Sears, Mark W. Zemanseky and Hugh D. Young, 1982.
 - 3- Introduction to Physics by Jojn D.Cutnell, Kenneth W.Johnson 8th Ed., 2010



1- Course name	Complex Functions			
2- Course code	PH 305			
3- Semester/Year	1 st and 2 nd semester/ 3 rd Year			
4- Date this description was prepare	2024-2025			
5- Available attendance forms	Lectures are delivered to students in person according to the schedule announced in the department			
6- Number of study hours (total)/number of units (total)	Hours 60 (2 hours per week	* 30 weeks)		
7- Name of the course administrator (if more than one name is mentioned	Name:			
8- Course objectives				
Qualifying and training the student and teaching him on complex numbers, complex functions and their properties, complex integration, sequences, physical applications and the employment of functions in the service of other school subjects. Objectives of the subject				
Teaching and learning strategies				
1. In-person lectures in classrooms.				
2. Discussion method, surprise exams, and methods of refining skills.				
3 Asking intellectual questions or holding a stimulating creative thinking and answering	The strategy			

1. Course structure

presented.

Weeks	Hours	Required learning outcomes	Name of the unit or topic	Learning method	Evaluation method
1-5	10	Gaining knowledge in	Preface, the complex number Exercises, attributes	Lecture and	Quarterly and daily

		complex numbers and their properties	Algebra, exercises Absolute value Exercises, acting The geometry of the complex number Polar coordinates Exercises, Powers And roots, exercises Functions of a complex	Discussion	attendance exams
6-10	10	knowledge in complex functions and their properties	variable, exercises, Limits, exercises, Continuity, exercises, Derivatives, exercises, Analytic functions, Harmonics functions, exercises	Lecture and Discussion	Quarterly and daily attendance exams
11-15	10	Gaining knowledge in elementary complex functions and their properties	Exponential function, the Logarithmic function, exercises, Trigonometric functions, Inverse trigonometry functions, Hyperbolic functions, Inverse Hyperbolic functions, exercises	Lecture and Discussion	Quarterly and daily attendance exams
16-20	10	Gaining knowledge in complex integration and their properties and theorems	Paths, complex integration, exercises, Cauchy- Goursat's theorem, generalization of Cauchy- Goursat's theorem to a multi-contact area, indefinite integrals, exercises, Cauchy integral formulas, Liouville's theorem, Moreira's theorem, the fundamental theorem in Algebra, the Gauss mean value theorem, exercises	Lecture and Discussion	Quarterly and daily attendance exams
21-25	10	Gaining knowledge in complex series	Convergence of sequences and series, exercises, power series, exercises, Taylor series, exercises, Laurent series, exercises	Lecture and Discussion	Quarterly and daily attendance exams
26-30	10	Gain knowledge in the treatment of the most important physical applications	Applications on electrostatics, exercises, applications on the flow of heat, exercises	Lecture and Discussion	Quarterly and daily attendance exams

2. Course evaluation

And surprise exams.

Daily class participation

^{*} Semi-daily and monthly tests

Learning and teaching resources	
الدوال المعقدة للصف الثالث فيزياء في كليات التربية	Main references (sources)
سمیر بشیر حدید، یحیی عبد سعید	
Complex analysis with applications,	Recommended supporting books and references
Asmar, Nakhle H., Grafkos, Loukas-	(scientific journals).
Grafakos L., (2018) Springer	,
	Electronic references, Internet sites



ELECTRONIC	8	Course name .\
Ph30	3	:Course code .٢
Yea	r	:Semester/year .~
2024-202	The date th	nis description was :: prepared
Lectures are delivered to students in personaccording to the schedule announced in the department	e :Availabl	e attendance forms .°
(hours (3 hours per week □30 per week ٩		nber of study hours .7 mber of units (total
Name: Dr. Mohammed SalimJasim Msjadr72@gmail.cor	adminis	Name of the course .\footnote{\text{trator}} (if more than name is mentioned
		Course objectives .A
□ Introducing the students to the sure electronics physics and giving the students overview of the diode in electrical circular explaining its importance and how to benefit and avoid the dangers resulting from it and in understanding the principles of modern and its daily uses and how to employ this known in confronting daily life developments in the sciences feel the value and importance of and the role of semiconductor materials in and technology, especially in the field of communications and mobile phones, and h	a basic aits and from it its role physics wledge field of aologies or pure physics science towers, ow they	Objectives of the study subject
deal with s. Schools after graduation and practic		

specialties as teachers in middle and middle schools and some research laboratories in state departments related to industry and in the field of research and .development

Teaching and learning strategies . \ . \

- .In-person lectures in classrooms
- .Discussion method, surprise exams, and methods of refining skills
- Asking intellectual questions or holding a competition between students, stimulating creative thinking and answering clearly and quickly to the problems presented
 - Cognitive objectives
- The student should know the foundations of electronics and the fields of use Introducing students to the types of materials and mainly paying attention to semiconductors
- The strategy
- The student should know how the process of mixing is done
- The student should know the process of creating and designing a diode
- .The student should know how the process of connecting a diode is done
- The student will know how to analyze complex electrical networks through

 Kirchhoff's laws as well as using Thevenin's theory
 - Course-specific skills objectives 4
- How to perform mathematical operations on electronic circuits and employ their theories through scientific thinking

Course structure

Evaluation method	Learning method	Name of the unit or topic	Required learning outcomes	hours	Week			
Quarterly and daily attendance exams	In-person lectures	Materials in nature	The student should know the types of materials and rely on the energy gap to distinguish between them	12	4			
Quarterly and daily attendance exams	In-person lectures	Identify silicon and germanium	The student should know the importance of semiconductors and their types	10	٥			
Quarterly and daily attendance exams	In-person lectures	Through heat and quenching, the quenching process takes place	To know the types of semiconductors and how they are catalyzed	1 4	٤			
Quarterly and daily	In-person	Electrical energy	Student definition of	١٢	£			

attendance exams	lectures	stored in doped	potential energy in		
		semiconductors	doped semiconductors		
			The student defines		
Quarterly and daily	In-person	-14	the nature of the	15	٥
attendance exams	lectures	electric current	current and the	19	
			density of the current		
			Introducing the		
Quarterly and daily	In-person	Holes and	student to diodes and	12	4
attendance exams	lectures	electrons	their importance in	14	4
			electronic circuits		
			Introducing the		
			student to Kirchhoff's		
Quarterly and daily	In-person	Kirchhof and	laws and Thevenin's	4	*
attendance exams	lectures	Thevenin	laws in analyzing and	•	,
			simplifying electronic		
			networks		
			Analyzing complex		
Quarterly and daily	In-person	complex	electrical networks in	٦	۲
attendance exams	lectures	electronics	the simplest possible	•	,
			ways		
			Course	e evalua	tion 🚣
Semi-daily and monthly tests 🔸					

Semi-daily and monthly tests

.And surprise exams

Daily class participation

Learning and teaching resources

Electronics basics

Basics of electrical theory -

Basics of electronic circuits -- Schaum Abstracts Series: Electrical 2000 (written by Joseph Edmonds)

Atomic	Course name .
Ph307	:Course code .۲
Year	:Semester/year .٣
	,
2024-2025	The date this description was .: prepared
Lectures are delivered to students in person according to the schedule announced in the department	:Available attendance forms .o
hours (3 theoretical hours and 2 practical hours per vo. week) (5 hours * 30 weeks) and the number of units = 7 units	Number of study hours .٦ ((total)/number of units (total
Name: Dr. Younis Mohamed Atiah	Name of the course administrator .\(\) (if more than one name is \) (mentioned
	Course objectives .A
 Introducing the student to the basics Special Theory of Relativity Newton's Laws of Motion. Galileo's Transformations. Newton's Principle of Relativity. Introducing the student to some Nature of light and electromagnetic radiation. Thermal radiation. Emission and absorption of radiation. Black body radiation. Black body radiation spectrum. Introducing the student to Production of X-rays. Measurement of X-ray intensity-ray spectra: Continuous X-ray spectrum, Sharp line X-ray spectrum. Nature and diffraction of X-rays. Refraction of X-rays. Compton effect. Pair production 	Objectives of the study subject
Teaching and learning strategies	
Attending lectures in the study halls.	
 The method of discussion and surprise tests and methods of skills. 3.Proposing intellectual questions and conducting competition students and eliciting creative thought and clear and quick an problems presented 	The strategy between
	Course structure 🕹
Evaluation Learning Name of the unit or topic	Required hours Week

method	method		learning		
			outcomes		
(theoretical) tests and questions	lectures	Special Theory of Relativity Newton's Laws of Motion. Galileo's Transformations. Newton's Principle of Relativity. Michelson-Morley Experiment. Assumptions of Special Theory of Relativity. Lorentz Transformations. Lorentz Transformations Results: Relativity of Length, Relativity of Time, Relativity of Velocity. Relative Mass. Relative Force.	_	٩	
		Relative Energy. Relationship between Energy and Momentum. Electron Volt. Relative Force. Relative Energy. Relationship between Energy and MomentumElectron Volt Nature of light and electromagnetic	Gain	9	
Quarterly and daily attendance exams	lectures	radiation. Thermal radiation. Emission and absorption of radiation. Black body radiation. Black body radiation spectrum. Rayleigh-Jeans law. Planck's law of radiation. The photoelectric effect. Einstein's explanation of the photoelectric effect	knowledge in the field of Nature of light and electromagnetic radiation	,	
		Exam			
Quarterly and daily attendance exams	lectures	Applications of the photoelectric effect. Solved problems. Discovery of natural radioactivity. Atomic models: Thomson model, Rutherford model. Rutherford's scattering theory. Solved problems	Gain knowledge in the field of Atomic models	12	
Quarterly and daily attendance exams	lectures	Discovery of X-rays. Production of X-rays. Measurement of X-ray intensity. X-ray spectra: Continuous X-ray spectrum, Sharp line X-ray spectrum.	Gain knowledge in the field of X- rays.		

		Nature and diffraction of X-rays.		
		Refraction of X-rays.		
		Compton effect.		
		Pair production		
		Exam		l l
Quarterly and daily attendance	lectures	Photon absorption. Questions. Solved problems. De Broglie hypothesis. Electron diffraction. Neutron diffraction. What are de Broglie waves? De Broglie wave velocity.	Gain knowledge in the field of De Broglie hypothesis	
exams		Phase velocity and group velocity. Double slit experiment. Uncertainty principleQuestions and solved problems		
Quarterly and daily attendance exams	lectures	Introduction, Hydrogen Atom Spectrum Bohr's Theory of Hydrogen Atom, Derivation of Binding Energy of Hydrogen Atom Finding the Angular Velocity of Electron, Bohr's Postulates To Interpret the Hydrogen Atom Spectrum	Gain knowledge in the field of Hydrogen Atom Spectrum	
		Exam	I	
Quarterly and daily attendance exams	lectures	Derive the Wavenumber Equation Using Bohr's Second Postulate, Electron Transitions in Hydrogen Atom Motion of Hydrogen Nucleus. Questions Solved Problems	Gain knowledge in the field of Derive the Wavenumber Equation Using Bohr's Second Postulate,	
		Exam		
				Course evaluation $+$

Semi-daily and monthly tests 4 And surprise exams



Daily class participation

Reference

- **♣** Fundamentals of Physics, F. Bush, translation of the 1977 edition.
- 4 Atomic Physics, Dr. Talib Nahi Al-Khafaji, Dr. Abbas Hammadi, and Dr. Hormuz Moshi.
- **♣** Concepts in Modern Physics, Arthur Beiser, translation of the second edition.



Mechanical analysis					(Course name .\	
			Ph304	:Course code .			
			Year		:Se	emester/year .	
			2024-2025	The da	te this desc	eription was .: :prepared	
		tudents in perso announced in th		:Avai	ilable atten	dance forms .o	
		and 2 practical l				study hours .7 f units (total	
	Name:	Dr. Younis Moh	named Atiah	Name of the course administrator .v (if more than one name is (mentioned			
					Cour	se objectives .A	
 Introducing the student to the basics Special Theory of Equations of motion of projectiles in a uniform gravitational field ,Derivatives of motion in harmonic oscillators in two and three dimensions, Motion on a curve and the simple pendulum Introducing the student to some Vector differentiation, velocity and acceleration of particles in polar, cylindrical and spherical coordinates. 				• Objec	ctives of the	study subject	
Teaching an	ıd learning	g strategies					
 N. Attending lectures in the study halls. The method of discussion and surprise tests and methods of skills. 3. Proposing intellectual questions and conducting competition students and eliciting creative thought and clear and quick are the problems presented. 				ı between		The strategy	
	processing				Course	e structure 🖶	
Evaluation method	Learning method	Name of the	unit or topic	Required learning outcomes		Week	
(theoretical)	lectures	The meaning of the	rmodynamics, the	The student	٩		
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·							

tests and questions		definition of the system and its types (real and ideal system), the boundaries of the system (open, closed and isolated), the processes in thermodynamics, the thermodynamic equilibrium, the properties of the system, the relationship between heat and work, the zeroth law.	understands the meaning of thermodynamics and the basic concepts of the system.		
Quarterly and daily attendance exams	lectures	The equation of state for an ideal gas and the experimental method for deriving it, the equation of state for a real gas, the equation of state for a Van der Waals gas and finding its constants. Partial derivatives, the state function and its conditions, the path function, extensibility and compressibility	Introducing the student to Equations of state for ideal and real gases and some useful mathematical .theories	٩	
		Exam			
Quarterly and daily attendance exams	lectures	the text of the first law, the formula of the first law, applications of the first law, results of the first law, the meaning of enthalpy, the free expansion of gases, the true expansion of gases, the work done in adiabatic and isothermal processes and constant volume processes, the work of a gas in constant temperature processes, heat capacity under constant pressure and heat capacity under constant volume and the relationship between them, the concept of work in thermodynamics, the dependence of work on the path	The student should understand the first law of thermodynamics, the meaning of enthalpy, the expansion of gases, heat capacity, the concept of work and its dependence on ,the path	12	
Quarterly and daily attendance exams	lectures	The text of the second law, the formulas of the second law (Classius, Kelvin-Planck), linking the first law and the second law and the results of this link when applied to an ideal gas, the Carnot cycle machine, representing the Carnot cycle, heat engines and their cycle and efficiency, the heat pump and its operation and efficiency	The student should understand the second law of thermodynamics and link it to the first law and the results of this link and the Carnot cycle machine and the heat engine and the heat pump		

		Exam		
Quarterly and daily attendance exams	lectures	Definition of entropy (inertia), calculation of the change in entropy, the principle of increasing entropy in the universe and the system, the relationship between entropy and temperature, Clausius's theory, Gibbs's function, Helmholtz's function, thermodynamic potential equations, Maxwell's equations	The student understands entropy and its relationship with the system and the universe, Clausius's theory, and some functions and equations related to entropy and .temperature	
Quarterly and daily attendance exams	lectures	Potential and kinetic energy, energy conservation law and force conservation conditions	Introducing the student to vector differentiation and integration, their properties and uses	
	•	Exam	<u> </u>	
Quarterly and daily attendance exams	lectures	Understanding and comprehending the derivatives of the motion of a body in a resistive medium, finding the final velocity and the change in gravity with height	Introducing the student to motion in a straight line Introducing potential and kinetic energy and the law of conservation of energy	
Quarterly and daily attendance exams	lectures	Physical applications of simple harmonic motion	Introducing the student to vertical motion in a resistive medium, the velocity of the end, and the change in gravity with height Linear impeding force, harmonic motion and their applications	
Quarterly and daily attendance exams	lectures	Finding the potential energy function of a particle, slope, divergence and twist of vectors	Introducing the student to particle motion in general	

		Exam	difficultions	
Quarterly and daily attendance exams	lectures	Motion on a curve and the simple pendulum	Introducing the student to the harmonic oscillator in two and three dimensions	
Quarterly and daily attendance exams	lectures	Derivatives of motion in harmonic oscillators in two and three dimensions	Introducing the student to projectile motion in a uniform gravitational field and various solved problems Introducing the student to the harmonic oscillator in two and three dimensions	
Quarterly and daily attendance exams	lectures	Equations of motion of projectiles in a uniform gravitational field	forces and force fields Introducing the student to how to find Potential energy and kinetic energy For particles and force as a function of speed For position and time, each separately And the conditions for conservation of force	
			motion, the principle of work, conservative	

Course evaluation 🔸



Semi-daily and monthly tests

And surprise exams

Daily class participation



Reference

- **↓** Fundamentals of Physics, F. Bush, translation of the 1977 edition.
- 4 Atomic Physics, Dr. Talib Nahi Al-Khafaji, Dr. Abbas Hammadi, and Dr. Hormuz Moshi.
- **♣** Concepts in Modern Physics, Arthur Beiser, translation of the second edition.



		C	Course name .	١.	
	:Course code .٢				
	Year		:Se	mester/year .	۳.
	2024-2025	The dat	e this desc	ription was : :prepared	٤.
	ents in person according to the announced in the department	:Avail	lable atten	dance forms .	٥,
2 theoretical hours a	and 2 practical hours per week			study hours . f units (total	٦,
Name:		administ	rator (if mo	f the course ore than one s mentioned	.٧
			Cours	se objectives .	۸.
electric currents and the from an electric current Introducing the student to magnetic field from the A basic overview of alte currents and some of the Introducing the student to induction (Faraday + Bie	o the basics of the effects of electromagnetic field resulting to some electrical measuring devices to the methods of generating a passage of an electric current rnating or alternating electric ir applied circuits. To the laws of electromagnetic et-Savart + Ampere's circular law) to the concepts of self and mutual	• Obje	ctives of the	study subject	
Teaching and learning	strategies				
\frac{1}{1}. Attending lectures in the street of discussions of the street of the	between		The strateg	ŗу	
processor processor			Course	e structure 💺	4
Evaluation Learning	Name of the unit or topic	Required	hours	Week	

method	method		learning		
			outcomes		
		AC Circuits	Gain		
(theoretical) tests			knowledge in		
and questions	lectures		the field of	8	4
and questions			Types of AC		
			Circuits		
Quarterly and		Magnetic Field	Gain	8	
daily attendance	lectures		knowledge in		4
exams	10010103		the field of		-
		<u>_</u>	Magnetic Field		
		Exam			
		Electrical Measuring Instruments	Gain	4	
			knowledge in	-	
Quarterly and	1.		the field of		
daily attendance	lectures		Electrical		2
exams			Measuring		
			Instruments		
		Magnetic field of electric current	Gain	8	
Occasional and a second			knowledge in	•	
Quarterly and daily attendance	lectures		the field of		4
exams	lecioles		Magnetic field		4
exams			of electric		
			current		
		Exam			
		Induced electromotive force	Gain	8	
			knowledge in	O	
Quarterly and	1		the field of		4
daily attendance	lectures		Induced		4
exams			electromotive		
			force		
Quarterly and		Inductance	Gain	8	
daily attendance	lectures		knowledge in		4
exams	icciores		the field of		-
		<u>_</u>	Inductance		
	1	Exam			T
Quarterly and		Electric current	Gain	8	
daily attendance	lectures		knowledge in the field of		4
exams			Electric current		
		Magnetic and forcemannetic	Gain		
Quarterly and		Magnetic and ferromagnetic properties of materials	knowledge in	8	
daily attendance	lectures	properties of indications	the field of		4
exams	ieciores		Magnetic and		'1
			ferromagnetic		
	1	Exam	1 2 2 33		ı
Course evaluation					
Semi-daily and mo					
And surprise exam					
Daily class participe					
Learning and teach	ing resources				

Kip, Arthur F., "Fundamentals of Electricity and Magnetism, 2nd Ed.", McGraw-Hill, 1969 W. T., The Physics of Electricity and Magnetism, Wiley, 1959



1– Course name			Astronomy				
2- Course code			Ph203				
3- Semester/Year				yea	arly	7	
4- Date this descri	iption was prepared			2024-2	202	5	
5- Available attend	lance forms		Lectures are delivered to students in persor according to the schedule announced in the department				_
7- Number of str (total)	udy hours (total)/n	number of units	ኘ∙ Hour	s (2 hours	s per	week * 30) weeks)
7- Name of the co	urse administrator (d	if more than one		I	Nam	e:	
Course objective	es						
1- The student learn	s the basics of astrono	omy.			Obj	jectives of	the study
2- The student learn	s the basics of celestia	Il mechanics.				subje	ct
3- The student gets t system.	to know the physical a	nd kinetic propertie	es of the solar				
4- The student shoul and their types	ld know the physical a	nd motion characte	ristics of stars	s			
	s about the types of gauniverse and its physic	• •	al properties,				
Teaching and le	earning strategies						
1. In-person lectures	in classrooms.						
2. Discussion method	d, surprise exams, and	l methods of refinin	g skills.				
The strategy 3 Asking intellectual questions or holding a competition between students, stimulating creative thinking and answering clearly and quickly to the problems presented.							
Course structure	9				ı		
Evaluation method	Learning method	Name of the unit or topic	•	l learning omes		hours	the week
6	1				1 -		

Kepler's laws,

10hours

The student is able to

weeks 5

Quarterly and

In-person lectures

daily attendance exams		dome Celestial bodies, astronomical terms, celestial dome coordinate systems	understand the given material		
Quarterly and daily attendance exams	In-person lectures	Astronomical seasons, units of measurement, physical properties of the sun and its layers, surface phenomena of the sun and moon, physical properties of the planets	The student is able to understand the given material	10hours	5weeks
Quarterly and daily attendance exams	In-person lectures	Meteors, meteorites, and comets, the origin of the solar system, the steller Magnitude- the luminosity of the stars, the (H-R) diagram. For the stars and matters	The student is able to understand the given material	10hours	5weeks
Quarterly and daily attendance exams	In-person lectures	Steller Evolution, binary stars - measuring the mass of two stars, types of binary stars - variable stars, our Milky Way galaxy	The student is able to understand the given material	10hours	5weeks
Quarterly and daily attendance exams	In-person lectures	Galaxy movement, galaxy mass calculation, types of galaxies, active galaxies.	The student is able to understand the given material	10hours	5weeks
Quarterly and daily attendance exams	In-person lectures	Quasars - expansion of the universe, theory of the emergence of the universe,	The student is able to understand the given material	10hours	5weeks

	life in the universe						
Course evaluation							
Semi-daily and monthly tests							
And surprise exams.							
Daily class participation	Daily class participation						
Learning and teaching reso	ources						
ميد مجول النعيمي وفياض النجم	فيزياء الجو و الفضا	Main reference	es (sources)				
- Fundamental Astronomy 5th ed H.Karttunen,etal ; Springer- 2006.							
Astronomy – Principles and Practice 4th ed, A. Roy,D Clarke; Springer.							



Optics	Course name .\		
Ph 202	:Course code .۲		
Year	:Semester/year .٣		
2024-2025	The date this description was .: :prepared		
Lectures are delivered to students in person according to the schedule announced in the department	:Available attendance forms .°		
per week) (5 hours * 30 weeks) and the number of units = 7 units	Number of study hours .٦ ((total)/number of units (total		
Name: Dr. Younis Mohamed Atiah	Name of the course administrator .\footnote{\text{V}} (if more than one name is \text{(mentioned)}		
 Students learn about the importance of its relationship to physics topics. Course Attempt to understand optical properties is related to the physical phenomenon. Introduce students to how to use illust and devices. Develop the scientific research aspect by identifying the optical phenomenon at its causes and how it occurs. Enhance students' cognitive abilities by subject to optical phenomena found in not be Develop the spirit of cooperation among the field of scientific research, which creative abilities. 	e objectives: es and what trative tools of students and knowing v linking the ature. students in		
orodorio distrizza.	Teaching and learning strategies . \ . \		
1. Attending lectures in the study halls. The method of discussion and surprise tests and methods of sharpening skills. The stress 3. Proposing intellectual questions and conducting competition between students and The stress			

eliciting creative though	nt and clear and	quick answers to the pro	oblems presented		
					structure 🖶
Evaluation method	Learning method	Name of the unit or topic	Required learning outcomes	hours	Week
(theoretical) tests and questions	lectures	The nature of light Color formation Absorption and reflection How to distinguish colors	Gaining knowledge related to: Color formation Absorption and reflection	ď	15
	T	Exar	m		
Quarterly and daily attendance exams	lectures	Chapter Two: Reflection and refraction Light transmission in straight lines Formation of the focus in mirrors and lenses Investigation of the laws of refraction And the critical angle Refractive index for each material	Gaining knowledge related to: The principle of Reflection and refraction Light	٩	15
	T	Exar	m .	1	
Quarterly and daily attendance exams	In-person lectures	Chapter Three: Spherical surfaces Identifying the surface geometry Optical laws in spherical surfaces	Gain knowledge related to: Optical laws in spherical surfaces	17	15
	•	Exar	n	•	
Quarterly and daily attendance		Chapter Four: Lenses	Gain knowledge related to: Types of		15

exams		• Types of lenses • Compound lenses • Concept of focal length • Gauss's relationship and Newton's relationship to find the focal length Using lenses Lens	lenses	
		manufacturers'		
Quarterly and daily attendance exams	lectures	formula Chapter Five: Mirrors The nature of radiant light Reflection in mirrors Optical elements Spherical and plane mirrors Thin and thick mirrors Gauss's formula for mirrors	Gain knowledge related to: Mirrors The nature of radiant light Reflection in mirrors	
Quarterly and daily attendance exams	lectures	Chapter Six: Aberration The concept of aberration Types of aberration Methods of getting rid of aberration Chapter Seven: Interference The concept of interference Newton's ring	Gain knowledge related to: Interference The concept of interference	

		experiment Interference based on the principle of amplitude division Constructive interference The Destructive		
Quarterly and daily attendance exams	lectures	Chapter Eight: Diffraction The Concept of Diffraction young's double slit experiment The Wave Nature of Light	Gain knowledge related to: Diffraction young's double	
Quarterly and daily attendance exams	lectures	Chapter Nine: Polarization The Meaning of Polarization Types of Polarization Polarizing Materials	Gain knowledge related to: Types of Polarization	
Quarterly and daily attendance exams	lectures	Chapter Ten: Optical Devices Types of Optical Devices The Importance of Optical Devices Exar	Gain knowledge related to: Optical Devices	

Course evaluation

Semi-daily and monthly tests

And surprise exams

Daily class participation

Learning and teaching resources +



♣ Principles of Optics the Anniversary Edition Max Born, Emil Wolf60



Vibrational motion and sound	Course name .\		
Ph 204	:Course code .۲		
Year	:Semester/year .٣		
2024-2025	The date this description was .: :prepared		
Lectures are delivered to students in person according to the schedule announced in the department	:Available attendance forms .°		
per week) (5 hours * 30 weeks) and the number of units = 7 units	((tota	Number of study hours .(total)/number of units (total)	
Name: Dr. Younis Mohamed Atiah	Name of the course administrator (if more than one name is (mentioned		han one name is
 Students learn about the subject of sound and wave motion and its importance in physics. Employ the knowledge acquired by the student in explaining the natural phenomena associated with sound and wave motion. Provide students with the necessary thinking skills to use in the field of teaching the subject of sound and wave motion when practicing their specializations as teachers in primary, middle, and preparatory schools, which are part of the science or physics curriculum. Provide students with scientific research skills to use them in research and applied fields in government departments concerned with the 			ectives of the study subject
research aspect			
Teaching and learning strategies . \ .\			
Attending lectures in the study halls. The method of discussion and surprise tests and methods of	sharnening skills		The strategy

Y. The method of discussion and surprise tests and methods of sharpening skills.

3. Proposing intellectual guestions and conducting competition between students and eliciting creative thought and clear and quick answers to the problems presented Course structure Name of the Required learning **Evaluation** Learning hours Week method method unit or topic outcomes Chapter One (Definition of sound, the psychological and physical meaning of Gaining knowledge sound, the related to: the conditions of nature of sound, the conditions of its sound (theoretical) occurrence and occurrence and tests and 15 lectures propagation) transmission, free questions Chapter Two vibration, simple (Vibrational harmonic motion motion, simple and its applications. harmonic motion. applications of simple harmonic motion) Exam Chapter Three (The principle of superposition, superposition of Gaining knowledge two harmonic Quarterly and related to: The daily attendance motions in one principle of 15 lectures dimension, superposition and its exams superposition of types two harmonic motions in two perpendicular dimensions, Exam 17 Chapter 4 Quarterly and Gain knowledge Forces causing In-person daily attendance related to: Decayed 15 lectures decay of

Vibrations,

vibrations,

exams

	decayed harmonic motion equation, types of decayed harmonic			
	motion Exai	<u> </u>		
Quarterly and daily attendance exams	Chapter 5 (Forced Vibration, Forced Vibration Equation, Resonance, Practical Applications on Resonance	Gain knowledge related to: Forced Vibration and Resonance	15	
Exam				

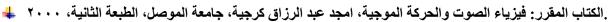
Course evaluation

Semi-daily and monthly tests

And surprise exams

Daily class participation

Learning and teaching resources 4



- **↓** 1-THE PHYSICS OF VIBRATIONS AND WAVES, H. J. Pan, Sixth Edition, John Wiley & Sons, 2005.
- **♣** 2- Vibrations and Waves, George C. King, WILEY, 2009.